



256K x 36, 512K x 18
3.3V Synchronous ZBT™ SRAMs
ZBT™ Feature
3.3V I/O, Burst Counter
Pipelined Outputs

IDT71V65603
IDT71V65803

Features

- ◆ 256K x 36, 512K x 18 memory configurations
- ◆ Supports high performance system speed - 150MHz (3.8ns Clock-to-Data Access)
- ◆ ZBT™ Feature - No dead cycles between write and read cycles
- ◆ Internally synchronized output buffer enable eliminates the need to control \overline{OE}
- ◆ Single R/\overline{W} (READ/WRITE) control pin
- ◆ Positive clock-edge triggered address, data, and control signal registers for fully pipelined applications
- ◆ 4-word burst capability (interleaved or linear)
- ◆ Individual byte write (\overline{BW}_1 - \overline{BW}_4) control (May tie active)
- ◆ Three chip enables for simple depth expansion
- ◆ 3.3V power supply ($\pm 5\%$)
- ◆ 3.3V I/O Supply (V_{DDO})
- ◆ Power down controlled by ZZ input
- ◆ Packaged in a JEDEC standard 100-pin plastic thin quad flatpack (TQFP), 119 ball grid array (BGA) and 165 fine pitch ball grid array (FBGA).

Description

The IDT71V65603/5803 are 3.3V high-speed 9,437,184-bit (9 Megabit) synchronous SRAMs. They are designed to eliminate dead bus cycles when turning the bus around between reads and writes, or writes and reads. Thus, they have been given the name ZBT™, or Zero Bus Turnaround.

Address and control signals are applied to the SRAM during one clock cycle, and two cycles later the associated data cycle occurs, be it read or write.

The IDT71V65603/5803 contain data I/O, address and control signal registers. Output enable is the only asynchronous signal and can be used to disable the outputs at any given time.

A Clock Enable (\overline{CEN}) pin allows operation of the IDT71V65603/5803 to be suspended as long as necessary. All synchronous inputs are ignored when (\overline{CEN}) is high and the internal device registers will hold their previous values.

There are three chip enable pins (\overline{CE}_1 , \overline{CE}_2 , \overline{CE}_2) that allow the user to deselect the device when desired. If any one of these three are not asserted when $\overline{ADV}/\overline{LD}$ is low, no new memory operation can be initiated. However, any pending data transfers (reads or writes) will be completed. The data bus will tri-state two cycles after chip is deselected or a write is initiated.

The IDT71V65603/5803 have an on-chip burst counter. In the burst mode, the IDT71V65603/5803 can provide four cycles of data for a single address presented to the SRAM. The order of the burst sequence is defined by the \overline{LBO} input pin. The \overline{LBO} pin selects between linear and interleaved burst sequence. The $\overline{ADV}/\overline{LD}$ signal is used to load a new external address ($\overline{ADV}/\overline{LD} = \text{LOW}$) or increment the internal burst counter ($\overline{ADV}/\overline{LD} = \text{HIGH}$).

The IDT71V65603/5803 SRAM utilize IDT's latest high-performance CMOS process, and are packaged in a JEDEC Standard 14mm x 20mm 100-pin thin plastic quad flatpack (TQFP) as well as a 119 ball grid array (BGA) and 165 fine pitch ball grid array (FBGA).

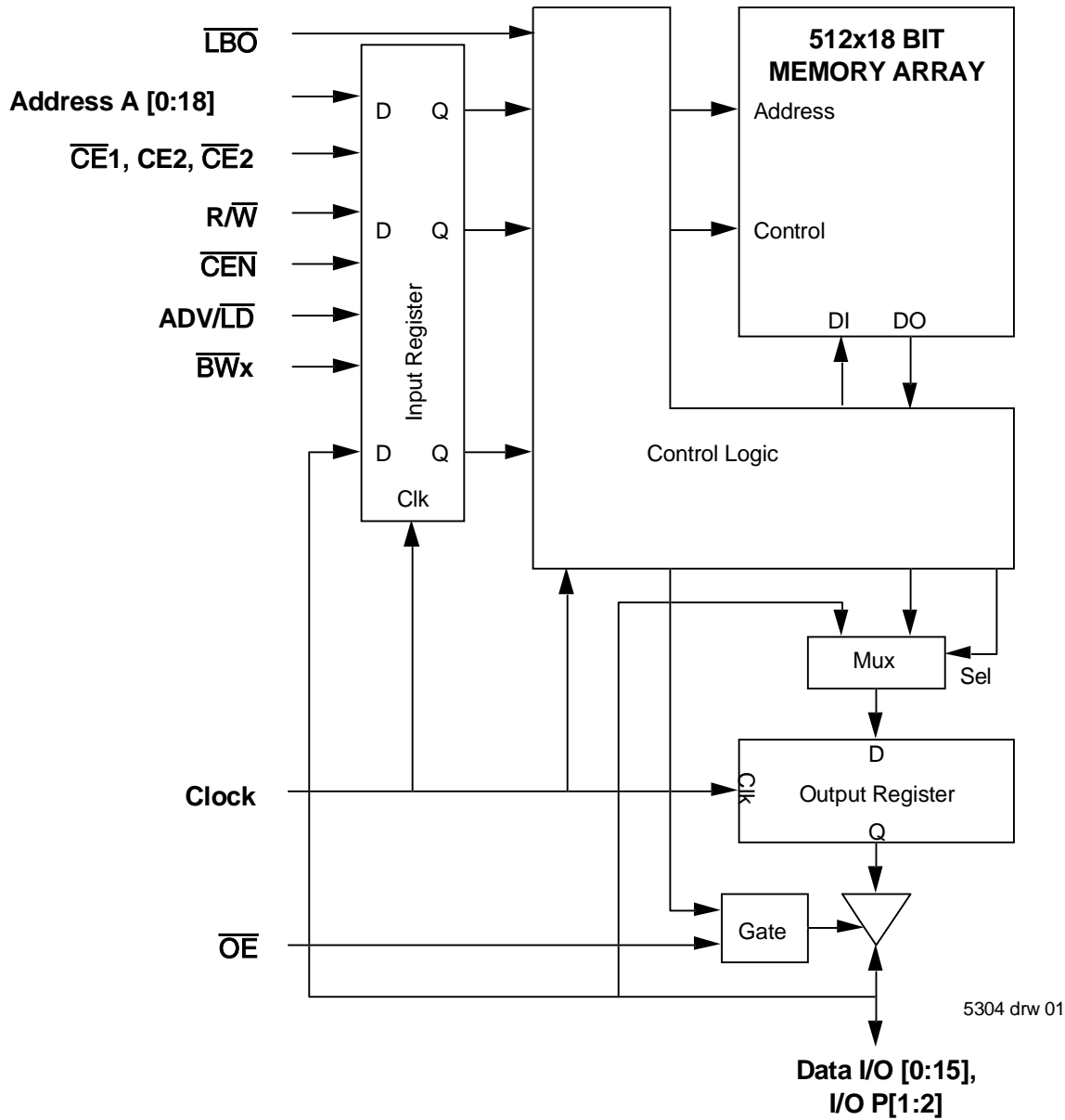
Pin Description Summary

A ₀ -A ₁₈	Address Inputs	Input	Synchronous
\overline{CE}_1 , \overline{CE}_2 , \overline{CE}_2	Chip Enables	Input	Synchronous
\overline{OE}	Output Enable	Input	Asynchronous
R/\overline{W}	Read/Write Signal	Input	Synchronous
\overline{CEN}	Clock Enable	Input	Synchronous
\overline{BW}_1 , \overline{BW}_2 , \overline{BW}_3 , \overline{BW}_4	Individual Byte Write Selects	Input	Synchronous
CLK	Clock	Input	N/A
$\overline{ADV}/\overline{LD}$	Advance burst address / Load new address	Input	Synchronous
\overline{LBO}	Linear / Interleaved Burst Order	Input	Static
ZZ	Sleep Mode	Input	Asynchronous
I/O ₀ -I/O ₃₁ , I/OP ₁ -I/OP ₄	Data Input / Output	I/O	Synchronous
V _{DD} , V _{DDO}	Core Power, I/O Power	Supply	Static
V _{SS}	Ground	Supply	Static

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Functional Block Diagram



Recommended DC Operating Conditions

Symbol	Parameter	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
V _{DD}	Core Supply Voltage	3.135	3.3	3.465	V
V _{DDQ}	I/O Supply Voltage	3.135	3.3	3.465	V
V _{SS}	Supply Voltage	0	0	0	V
V _{IH}	Input High Voltage - Inputs	2.0	—	V _{DD} +0.3	V
V _{IH}	Input High Voltage - I/O	2.0	—	V _{DDQ} +0.3	V
V _{IL}	Input Low Voltage	-0.3 ⁽¹⁾	—	0.8	V

NOTES:

- V_{IL} (min.) = -1.0V for pulse width less than tcyc/2, once per cycle.

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Recommended Operating Temperature and Supply Voltage

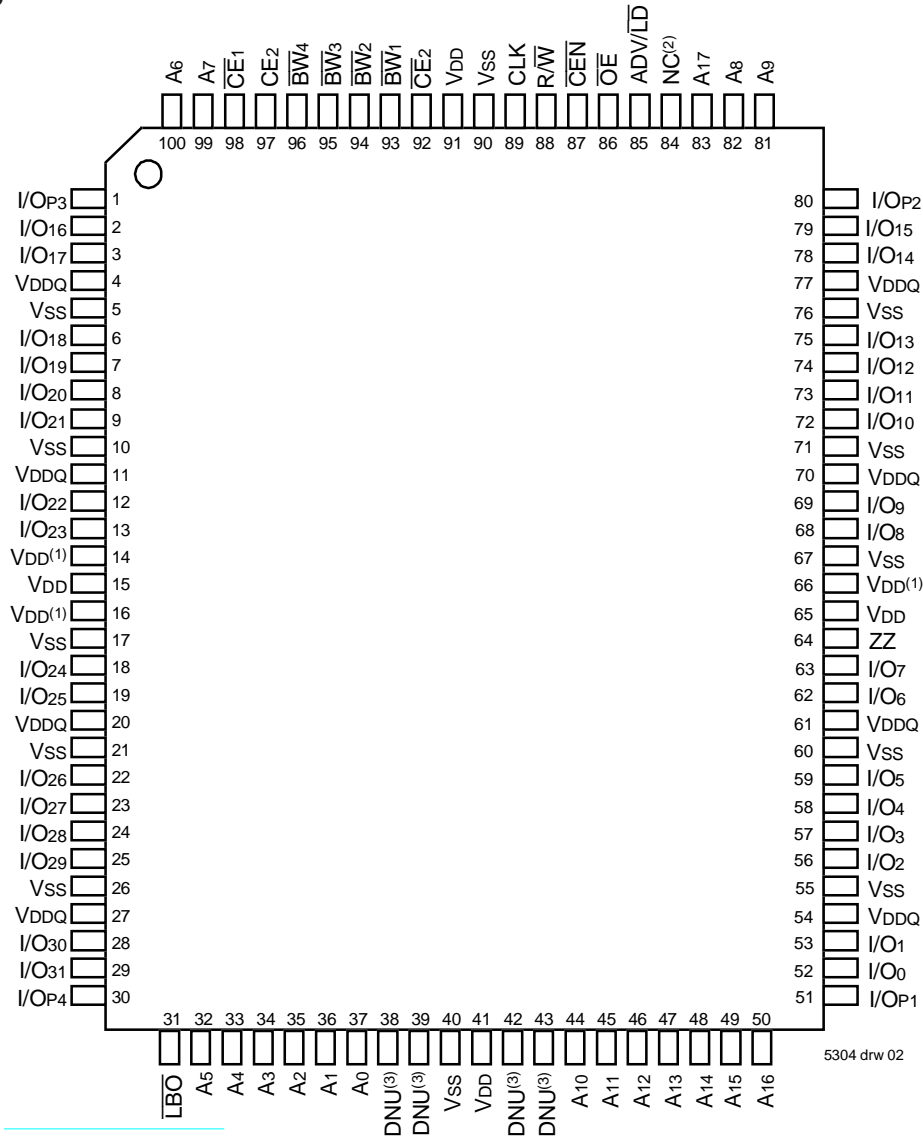
Grade	Ambient Temperature ⁽¹⁾	V _{SS}	V _{DD}	V _{DDQ}
Commercial	0° C to +70° C	0V	3.3V±5%	3.3V±5%
Industrial	-40° C to +85° C	0V	3.3V±5%	3.3V±5%

NOTES:

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1. During production testing, the case temperature equals the ambient temperature.

Pin Configuration - 256K x 36

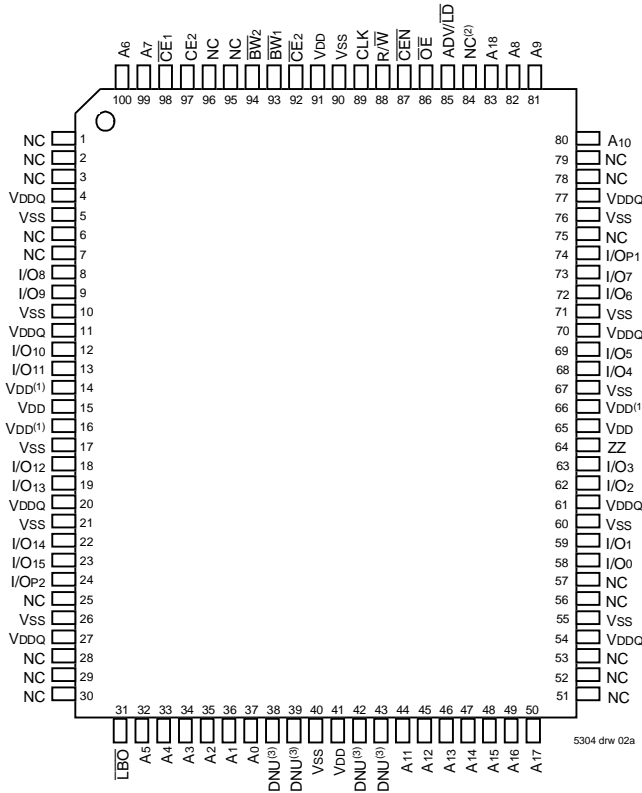


Top View 100 TQFP

NOTES:

1. Pins 14, 16 and 66 do not have to be connected directly to V_{DD} as long as the input voltage is \geq V_{IH}.
2. Pin 84 is reserved for a future 16M.
3. DNU=Do not use. Pins 38, 39, 42 and 43 are reserved for respective JTAG pins: TMS, TDI, TDO and TCK. The current die revision allows these pins to be left unconnected, tied LOW (V_{SS}), or tied HIGH (V_{DD}).

Pin Configuration - 512K x 18



Top View 100 TQFP

NOTES:

- Pins 14, 16 and 66 do not have to be connected directly to VDD as long as the input voltage is $\geq V_{IH}$.
- Pin 84 is reserved for a future 16M.
- DNU=Do not use. Pins 38, 39, 42 and 43 are reserved for respective JTAG pins: TMS, TDI, TDO and TCK. The current die revision allows these pins to be left unconnected, tied LOW (Vss), or tied HIGH (VDD).

100 TQFP Capacitance⁽¹⁾

(TA = +25° C, f = 1.0MHz)

Symbol	Parameter ⁽¹⁾	Conditions	Max.	Unit
C _{IN}	Input Capacitance	V _{IN} = 3dV	5	pF
C _{I/O}	I/O Capacitance	V _{OUT} = 3dV	7	pF

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119 BGA Capacitance⁽¹⁾

(TA = +25° C, f = 1.0MHz)

Symbol	Parameter ⁽¹⁾	Conditions	Max.	Unit
C _{IN}	Input Capacitance	V _{IN} = 3dV	7	pF
C _{I/O}	I/O Capacitance	V _{OUT} = 3dV	7	pF

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NOTE:

- This parameter is guaranteed by device characterization, but not production tested.

Absolute Maximum Ratings⁽¹⁾

Symbol	Rating	Commercial & Industrial	Unit
V _{TERM} ⁽²⁾	Terminal Voltage with Respect to GND	-0.5 to +4.6	V
V _{TERM} ^(3,6)	Terminal Voltage with Respect to GND	-0.5 to V _{DD}	V
V _{TERM} ^(4,6)	Terminal Voltage with Respect to GND	-0.5 to V _{DD} +0.5	V
V _{TERM} ^(5,6)	Terminal Voltage with Respect to GND	-0.5 to V _{DDQ} +0.5	V
T _A ⁽⁷⁾	Commercial Operating Temperature	-0 to +70	°C
	Industrial Operating Temperature	-40 to +85	°C
T _{BIAS}	Temperature Under Bias	-55 to +125	°C
T _{STG}	Storage Temperature	-55 to +125	°C
P _T	Power Dissipation	2.0	W
I _{OUT}	DC Output Current	50	mA

NOTES:

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- Stresses greater than those listed under ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS may cause permanent damage to the device. This is a stress rating only and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions above those indicated in the operational sections of this specification is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect reliability.
- V_{DD} terminals only.
- V_{DDQ} terminals only.
- Input terminals only.
- I/O terminals only.
- This is a steady-state DC parameter that applies after the power supply has reached its nominal operating value. Power sequencing is not necessary; however, the voltage on any input or I/O pin cannot exceed V_{DDQ} during power supply ramp up.
- During production testing, the case temperature equals T_A.

165 fBGA Capacitance⁽¹⁾

(TA = +25° C, f = 1.0MHz)

Symbol	Parameter ⁽¹⁾	Conditions	Max.	Unit
C _{IN}	Input Capacitance	V _{IN} = 3dV	TBD	pF
C _{I/O}	I/O Capacitance	V _{OUT} = 3dV	TBD	pF

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DC Electrical Characteristics Over the Operating Temperature and Supply Voltage Range (V_{DD} = 3.3V +/-5%)

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Min.	Max.	Unit
I _L	Input Leakage Current	V _{DD} = Max., V _{IN} = 0V to V _{DD}	—	5	μA
I _L	$\overline{\text{LBO}}$ Input Leakage Current ⁽¹⁾	V _{DD} = Max., V _{IN} = 0V to V _{DD}	—	30	μA
I _O	Output Leakage Current	V _{OUT} = 0V to V _{DDQ} , Device Deselected	—	5	μA
V _{OL}	Output Low Voltage	I _{OL} = +8mA, V _{DD} = Min.	—	0.4	V
V _{OH}	Output High Voltage	I _{OH} = -8mA, V _{DD} = Min.	2.4	—	V

NOTE:

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1. The $\overline{\text{LBO}}$ pin will be internally pulled to V_{DD} if it is not actively driven in the application and the ZZ pin will be internally pulled to V_{SS} if not actively driven.

DC Electrical Characteristics Over the Operating Temperature and Supply Voltage Range⁽¹⁾ (V_{DD} = 3.3V +/-5%)

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	150MHz		133MHz		100MHz		Unit
			Com'l	Ind	Com'l	Ind	Com'l	Ind	
I _{DD}	Operating Power Supply Current	Device Selected, Outputs Open, ADV/LD = X, V _{DD} = Max., V _{IN} ≥ V _{IH} or ≤ V _{IL} , f = f _{MAX} ⁽²⁾	325	345	300	320	250	270	mA
ISB1	CMOS Standby Power Supply Current	Device Deselected, Outputs Open, V _{DD} = Max., V _{IN} ≥ V _{HD} or ≤ V _{LD} , f = 0 ^(2,3)	40	60	40	60	40	60	mA
ISB2	Clock Running Power Supply Current	Device Deselected, Outputs Open, V _{DD} = Max., V _{IN} ≥ V _{HD} or < V _{LD} , f = f _{MAX} ^(2,3)	120	140	110	130	100	120	mA
ISB3	Idle Power Supply Current	Device Selected, Outputs Open, $\overline{\text{CEN}} \geq V_{IH}$, V _{DD} = Max., V _{IN} ≥ V _{HD} or ≤ V _{LD} , f = f _{MAX} ^(2,3)	40	60	40	60	40	60	mA
I _{ZZ}	Full Sleep Mode Supply Current	Device Selected, Outputs Open $\overline{\text{CEN}} \leq V_{IL}$, V _{DD} = Max., ZZ ≥ V _{HD} , V _{IN} ≥ V _{HD} or ≤ V _{LD} , f = f _{MAX} ^(2,3)	40	60	40	60	40	60	mA

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NOTES:

- All values are maximum guaranteed values.
- At f = f_{MAX}, inputs are cycling at the maximum frequency of read cycles of 1/t_{vcv}; f=0 means no input lines are changing.
- For I/Os V_{HD} = V_{DDQ} - 0.2V, V_{LD} = 0.2V. For other inputs V_{HD} = V_{DD} - 0.2V, V_{LD} = 0.2V.

AC Test Load

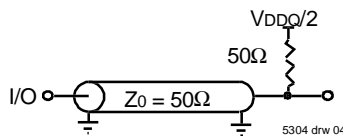


Figure 1. AC Test Load

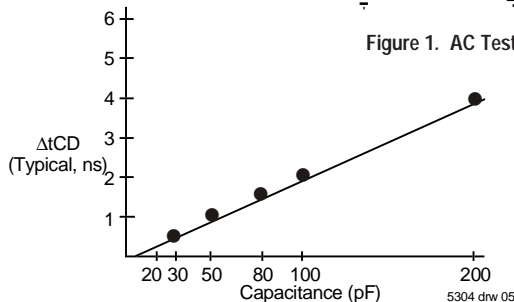


Figure 2. Lumped Capacitive Load, Typical Derating

AC Test Conditions (V_{DDQ} = 3.3V)

Input Pulse Levels	0 to 3V
Input Rise/Fall Times	2ns
Input Timing Reference Levels	1.5V
Output Timing Reference Levels	1.5V
AC Test Load	See Figure 1

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AC Electrical Characteristics (VDD = 3.3V +/-5%, Commercial and Industrial Temperature Ranges)

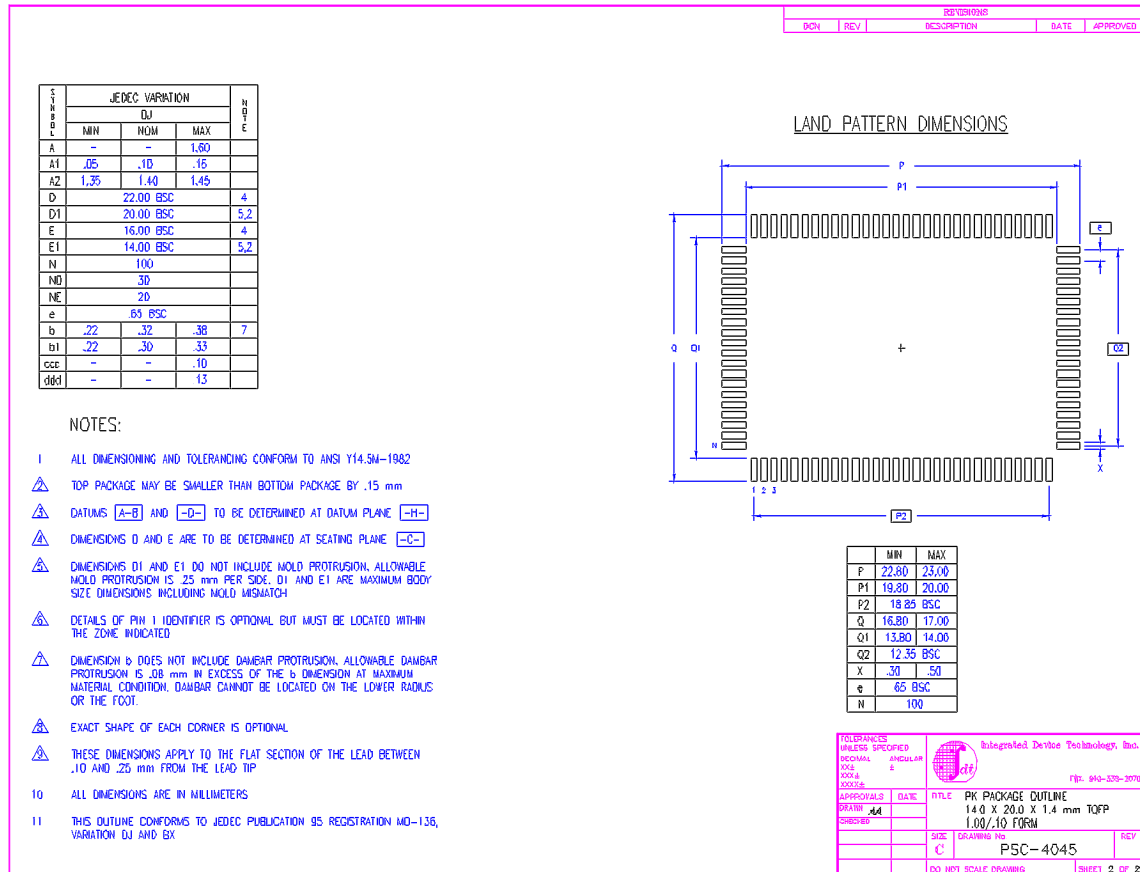
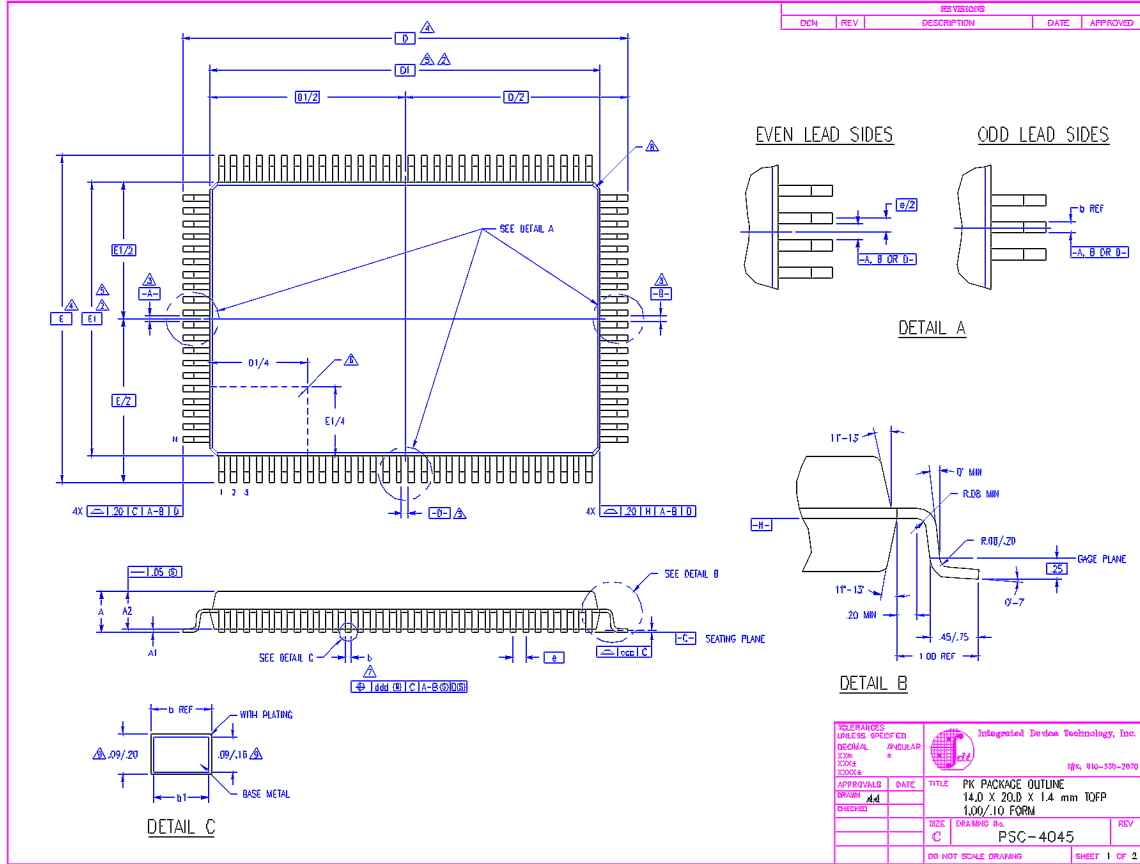
Symbol	Parameter	150MHz ⁽⁶⁾		133MHz		100MHz		Unit
		Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
t _{CYC}	Clock Cycle Time	6.7	—	7.5	—	10	—	ns
t _F ⁽¹⁾	Clock Frequency	—	150	—	133	—	100	MHz
t _{CH} ⁽²⁾	Clock High Pulse Width	2.0	—	2.2	—	3.2	—	ns
t _{CL} ⁽²⁾	Clock Low Pulse Width	2.0	—	2.2	—	3.2	—	ns
Output Parameters								
t _{CD}	Clock High to Valid Data	—	3.8	—	4.2	—	5	ns
t _{ODC}	Clock High to Data Change	1.5	—	1.5	—	1.5	—	ns
t _{CLZ} ^(3,4,5)	Clock High to Output Active	1.5	—	1.5	—	1.5	—	ns
t _{CHZ} ^(3,4,5)	Clock High to Data High-Z	1.5	3	1.5	3	1.5	3.3	ns
t _{OE}	Output Enable Access Time	—	3.8	—	4.2	—	5	ns
t _{OLZ} ^(3,4)	Output Enable Low to Data Active	0	—	0	—	0	—	ns
t _{OHZ} ^(3,4)	Output Enable High to Data High-Z	—	3.8	—	4.2	—	5	ns
Set Up Times								
t _{SE}	Clock Enable Setup Time	1.5	—	1.7	—	2.0	—	ns
t _{SA}	Address Setup Time	1.5	—	1.7	—	2.0	—	ns
t _{SD}	Data In Setup Time	1.5	—	1.7	—	2.0	—	ns
t _{SW}	Read/Write (R/W) Setup Time	1.5	—	1.7	—	2.0	—	ns
t _{SADV}	Advance/Load (ADV/LD) Setup Time	1.5	—	1.7	—	2.0	—	ns
t _{SC}	Chip Enable/Select Setup Time	1.5	—	1.7	—	2.0	—	ns
t _{SB}	Byte Write Enable (BWX) Setup Time	1.5	—	1.7	—	2.0	—	ns
Hold Times								
t _{HE}	Clock Enable Hold Time	0.5	—	0.5	—	0.5	—	ns
t _{HA}	Address Hold Time	0.5	—	0.5	—	0.5	—	ns
t _{HD}	Data In Hold Time	0.5	—	0.5	—	0.5	—	ns
t _{HW}	Read/Write (R/W) Hold Time	0.5	—	0.5	—	0.5	—	ns
t _{HADV}	Advance/Load (ADV/LD) Hold Time	0.5	—	0.5	—	0.5	—	ns
t _{HC}	Chip Enable/Select Hold Time	0.5	—	0.5	—	0.5	—	ns
t _{HB}	Byte Write Enable (BWX) Hold Time	0.5	—	0.5	—	0.5	—	ns

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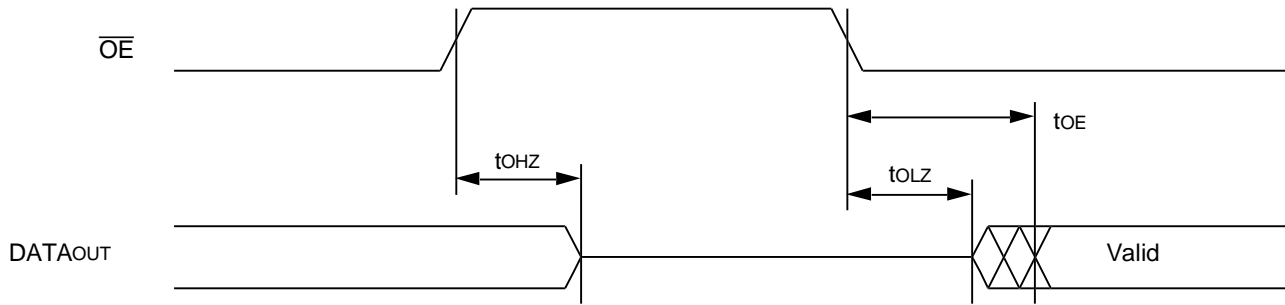
NOTES:

- t_F = 1/t_{CYC}.
- Measured as HIGH above 0.6V_{DD0} and LOW below 0.4V_{DD0}.
- Transition is measured ±200mV from steady-state.
- These parameters are guaranteed with the AC load (Figure 1) by device characterization. They are not production tested.
- To avoid bus contention, the output buffers are designed such that t_{CHZ} (device turn-off) is about 1ns faster than t_{CLZ} (device turn-on) at a given temperature and voltage. The specs as shown do not imply bus contention because t_{CLZ} is a Min. parameter that is worse case at totally different test conditions (0 deg. C, 3.465V) than t_{CHZ}, which is a Max. parameter (worse case at 70 deg. C, 3.135V).
- Commercial temperature range only.

100-Pin Plastic Thin Quad Flatpack (TQFP) Package Diagram Outline



Timing Waveform of \overline{OE} Operation⁽¹⁾

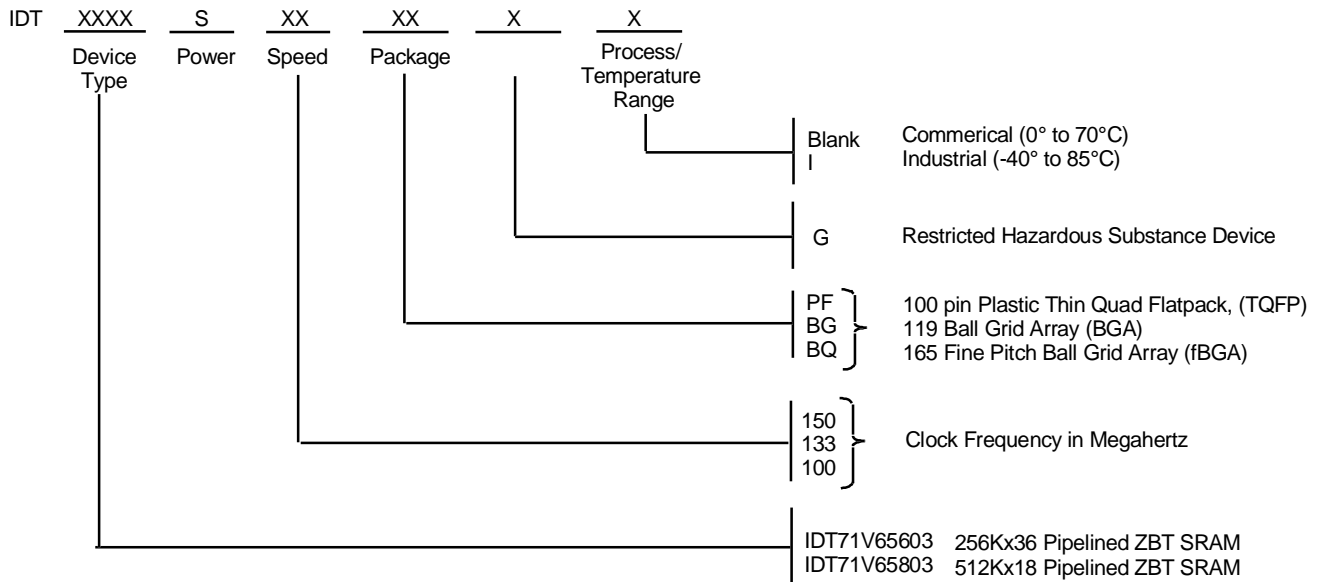


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NOTE:

1. A read operation is assumed to be in progress.

Ordering Information



5304 drw 12